





Integrated Mobile modularised Plant and Containerised Tools for selective, low-impact mining of small high-grade deposits

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Extracthive designs and industrializes physical and chemical processes to extract metals and minerals from industrial wastes and waste waters.









Our main activities are:

Manufacturing scrap

> **Treatment** of effluents

> > **Industrial Wastes**

End life products





Recycling of resin bonded abrasives



Valorization of Li, Al Extraction of Hg



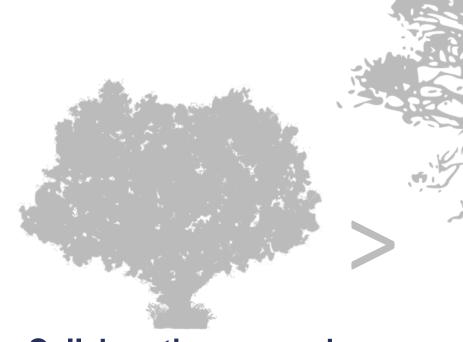
Stabilization and valorization



Valorization of metals from WEEE grinding dust

Our objectives are to:

- Minimize the volume of final waste
- Increase the material efficiency
- Generate additional cash-flow through the selling of by-products

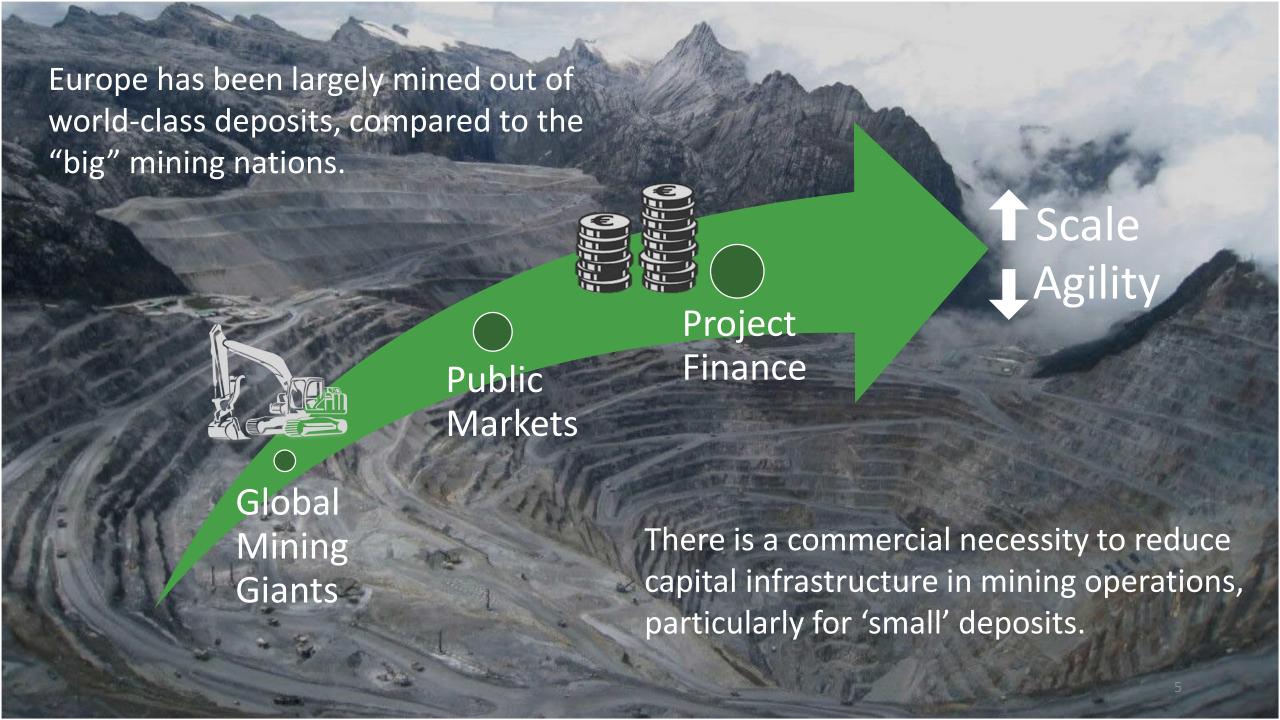




Collaborative research

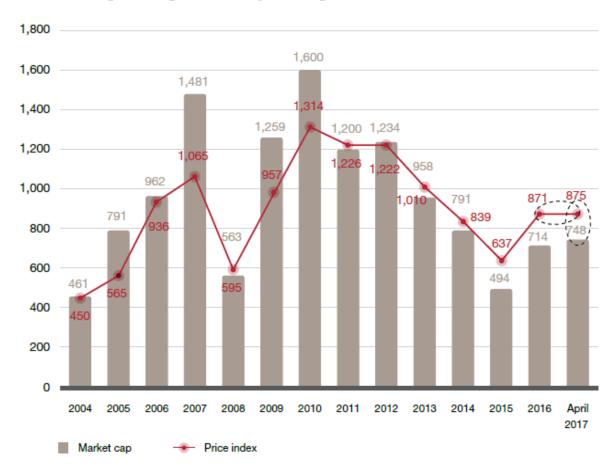
Technology transfert

Extracthive can either act as an R&D service provider or as a partner to co-develop the process you need.



Price instability + lower return on capital employed

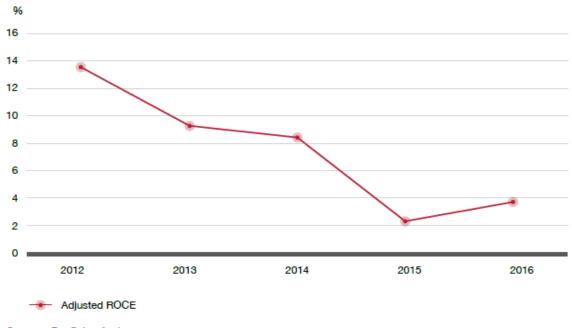
Market cap of Top 40 vs adjusted price index (\$ billion)



Source: PwC Analysis

Market capitalization of the Top 40 companies against an adjusted price index for a basket of commodities including copper, coal, nickel, zinc, gold, silver and iron ore.

Top 40 adjusted return on capital employed (ROCE)



Source: PwC Analysis





Integrated whole system solution of switch on-switch off (SOSO) mining

From December 2016 until 31 May 2020

A solution that neither requires substantial infrastructure, electrical power nor water supply

A solution that minimise social and environmental impacts



A solution that can easily explore small, high grade, deposits

A new approach that requires lower capital threshold and has short payback periods.



Technological innovations:

- Responsive mine planning for geological uncertainty
- Selective mining tool as primary crusher
- Flexible flow-sheets for metallurgical variability
- Modularised mobile processing

Reduction in:

- Feasibility studies
- Throughput of extracted material
- Infrastructure
- Land use
- Resource consumption
- Waste



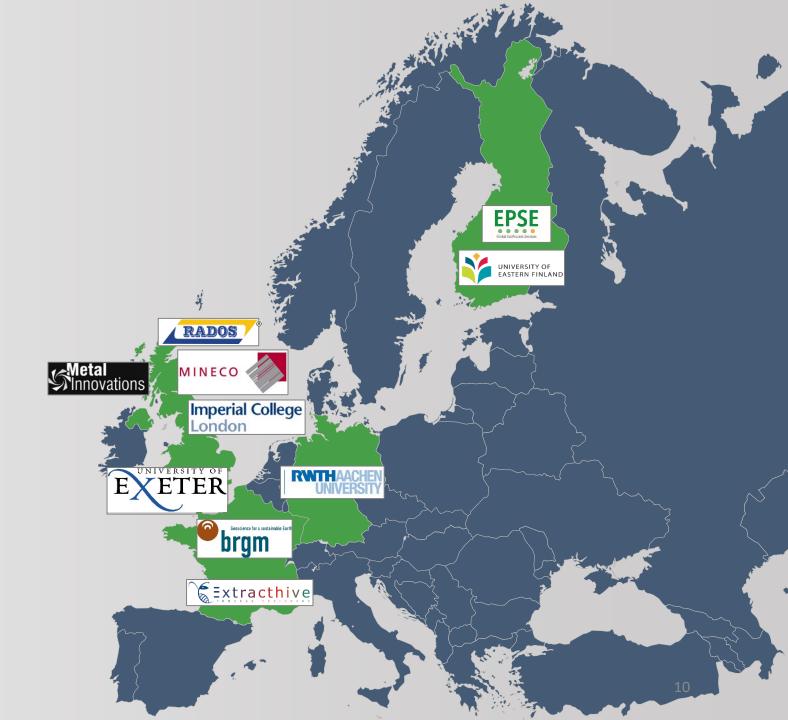
Objectives

- Facilitate response of raw material supply to rapid fluctuations in market forces
- Facilitate smaller operators by finding solutions to reduce capital investment
- Optimize flexible technological solutions to rapidly 'switch on' or 'switch off' (SOSO)
 production at short duration operations
- Demonstrate that the SOSO concept will minimize environmental impacts and enhance social acceptability
- Use vertical integration and whole supply chain analysis to enhance commercial exploitation worldwide and to support companies in Europe



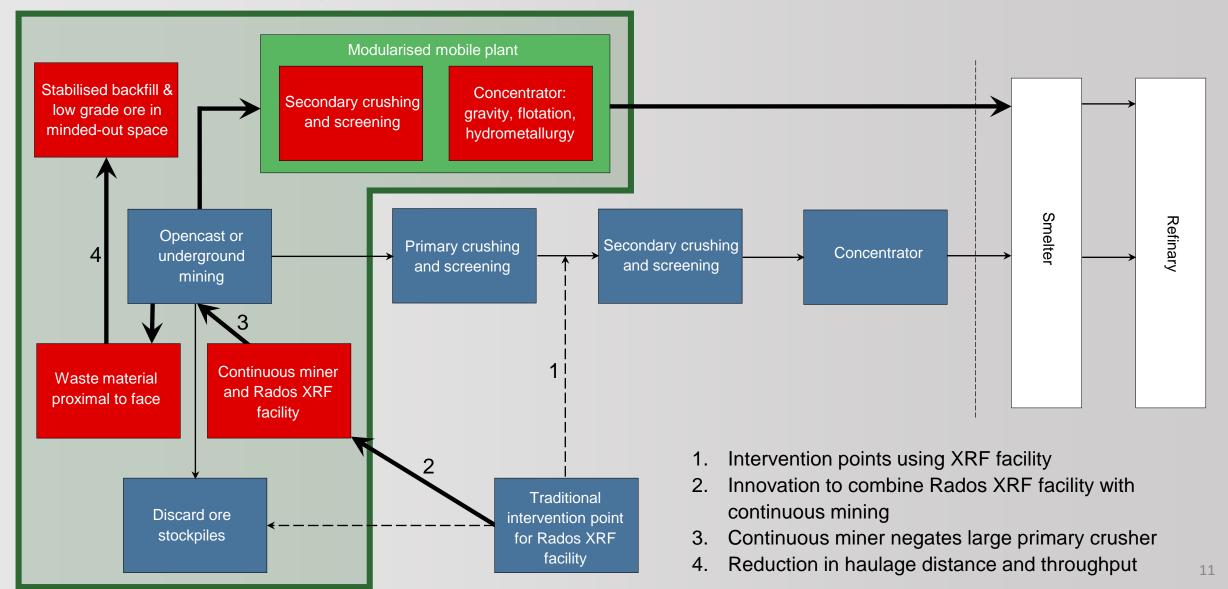
Consortium

Interdisciplinary consortium comprises of 7 industrial partners and 4 academic institutions, and one geological survey.



Technological solutions for selective mining and throughput reduction

Areas of IMP@CT Innovation



Work Packages – Extracthive operation

Work package 1: Project co-ordination and management

Work package 5:
Environmental and social sustainability

⇒ legacies of SOSO mining

Work package 2: Feedstock and materials characterisation ⇒ dealing with geological uncertainty in SOSO mining

Work package 3: Metallurgy ⇒ dealing with metallurgical variability in SOSO mining

Work package 4: Modular mobile mining and processing ⇒ innovating technologies for SOSO mining

Work package 6: Project integration

tools and business
modelling ⇒
realising SOSO
mining

Work package 7: Linkage with other H2020 projects

Work package 8: Project dissemination and communication

Work package 9: Ethics issues

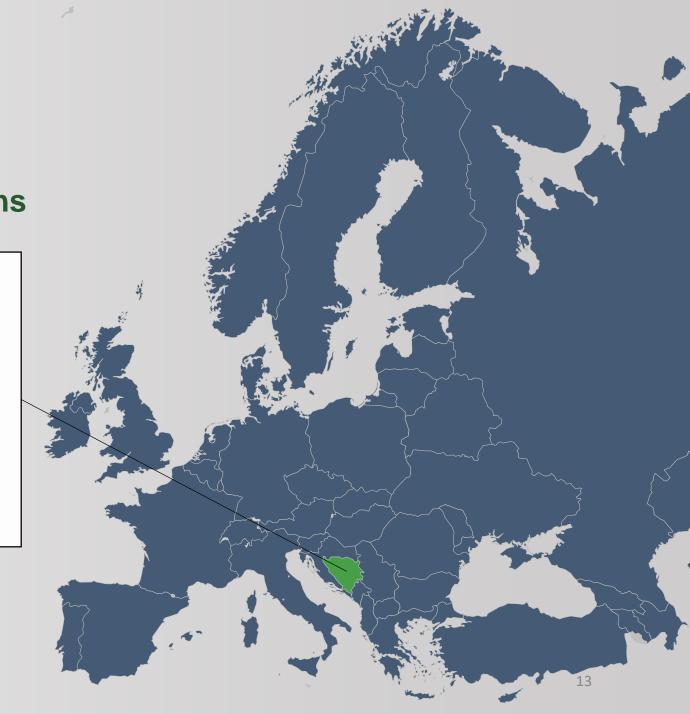


Develop proof of concept - West Balkans

A lead carbonate (cerussite) deposit with complex mineralogy is located in Olovo - Bosnia & Herzegovina

The Gorazde antimony deposit (stibnite), small relative high grade antimony prospects located in Gorazde - Bosnia & Herzegovina

→ Imp@ct technology will validated in relevant environment in west balkans

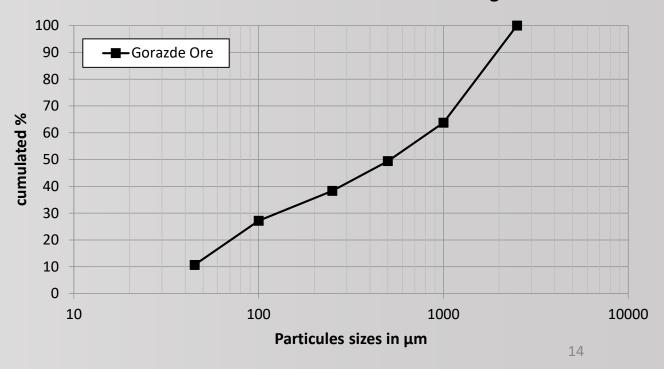




- → <u>Gorazde deposit:</u> Quartz veins with Stibnite inclusions + residual Limestone
- → the difference in hardness of both material may enable a concentration via a grinding and sieving approach

1 kg of hand sorted samples from Gorazde was ball milled for 30 min.

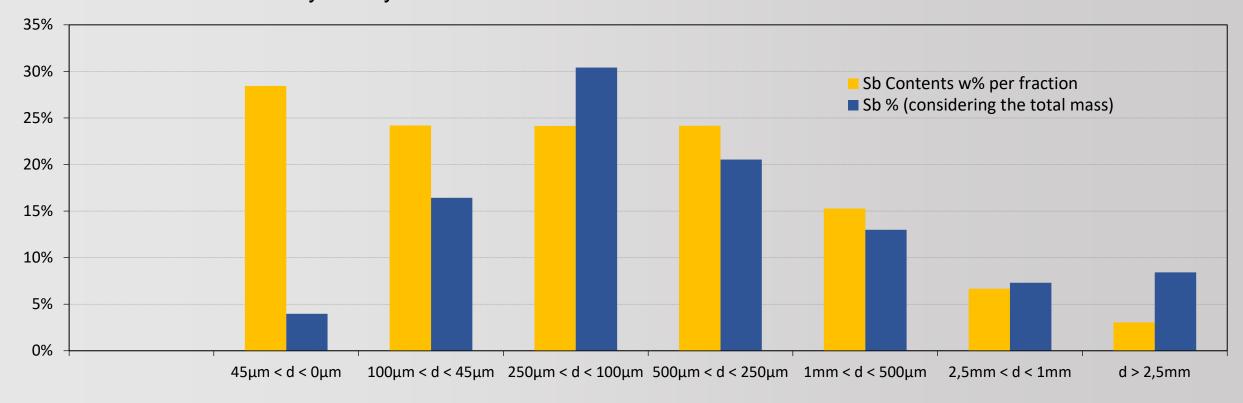
Grain sizes after 30 minutes crushing





Gorazde: characterization

The various size fractions were leached with aqua regia at 80°C for 6h with a L/S ratio of 10. The solution was analysed by ICP-OES

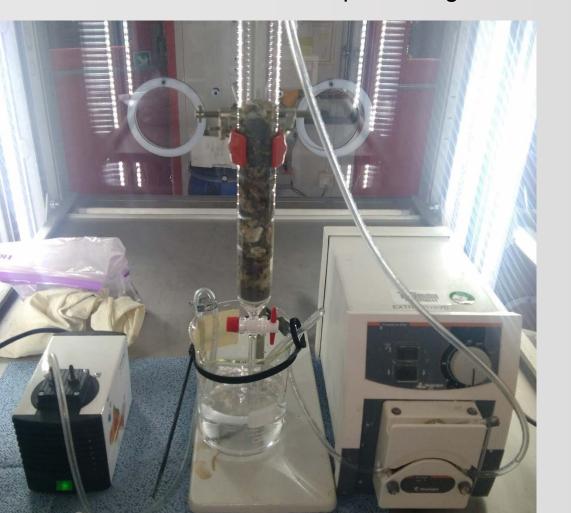


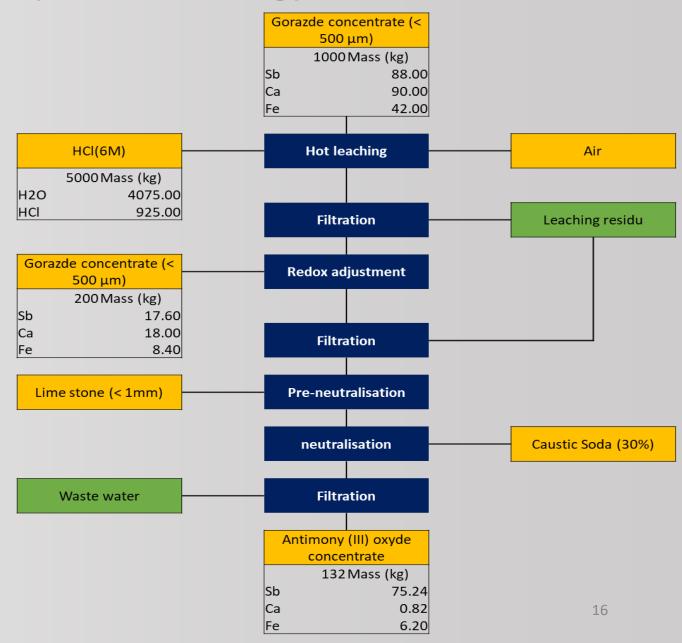
Sample	As	Ag	Au	Bi	Со	Cu	Fe	Pb	Ti	Zn	Sb	Ca
	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%	w%
500μm < d < 250μm	< d.l.	1.913	< d.l.	< d.l.	< d.l.	24.16	7.05					



Gorazde: hydrometallurgy

Lab-scale process performed in column in order to simulate heap leaching







Gorazde & Olovo: perspectives





- Looking for a European internal market for the Antimony concentrate obtained
- Pilot scale testing to start in 2018

Olovo deposit → Experiments of the hydrometallurgical process on the Olovo tailings (> 10 % in Pb) to start in 2018





A 'switch on-switch off' mining paradigm

Improved viability of many critical metal and other small complex deposits.

- 1. lower the barriers to entry of new operators to the market,
- 2. smooth possible future over-production crises;
- 3. facilitate mining of metals that are consumed in relatively small quantities;
- 4. allow raw materials production to respond rapidly to global developments in the supply and end-user industries, by taking into account the social sustainability of these actions.
- ⇒ Adaptable and Responsive to Market Conditions
- ⇒ Better Balance Supply & Demand
- ⇒ Nimble and Opportunistic
- ⇒ Low CAPEX, Small Throughput, Shorter Life of Mine